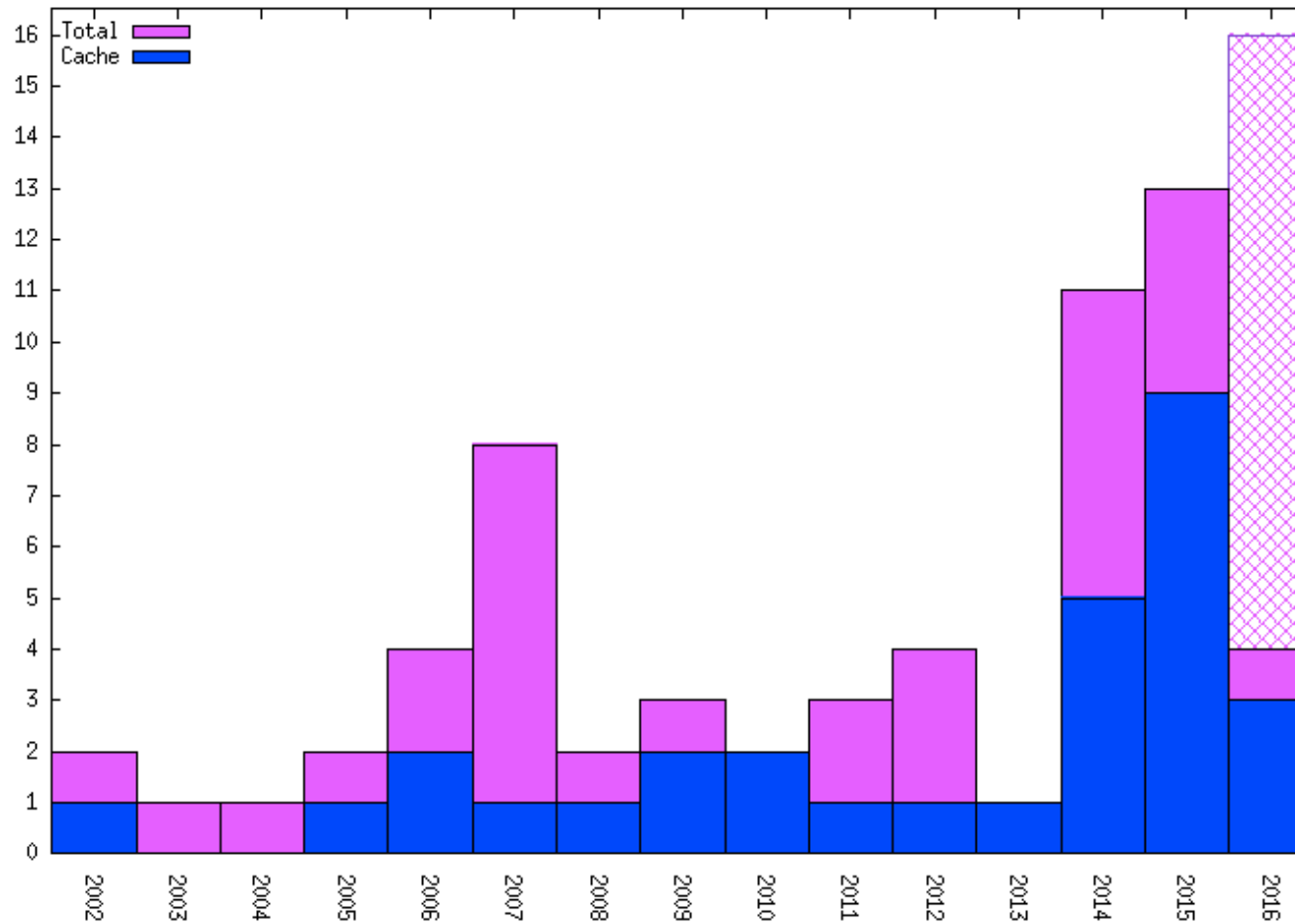


# Reducing Piracy on the High Seas

Yuval Yarom

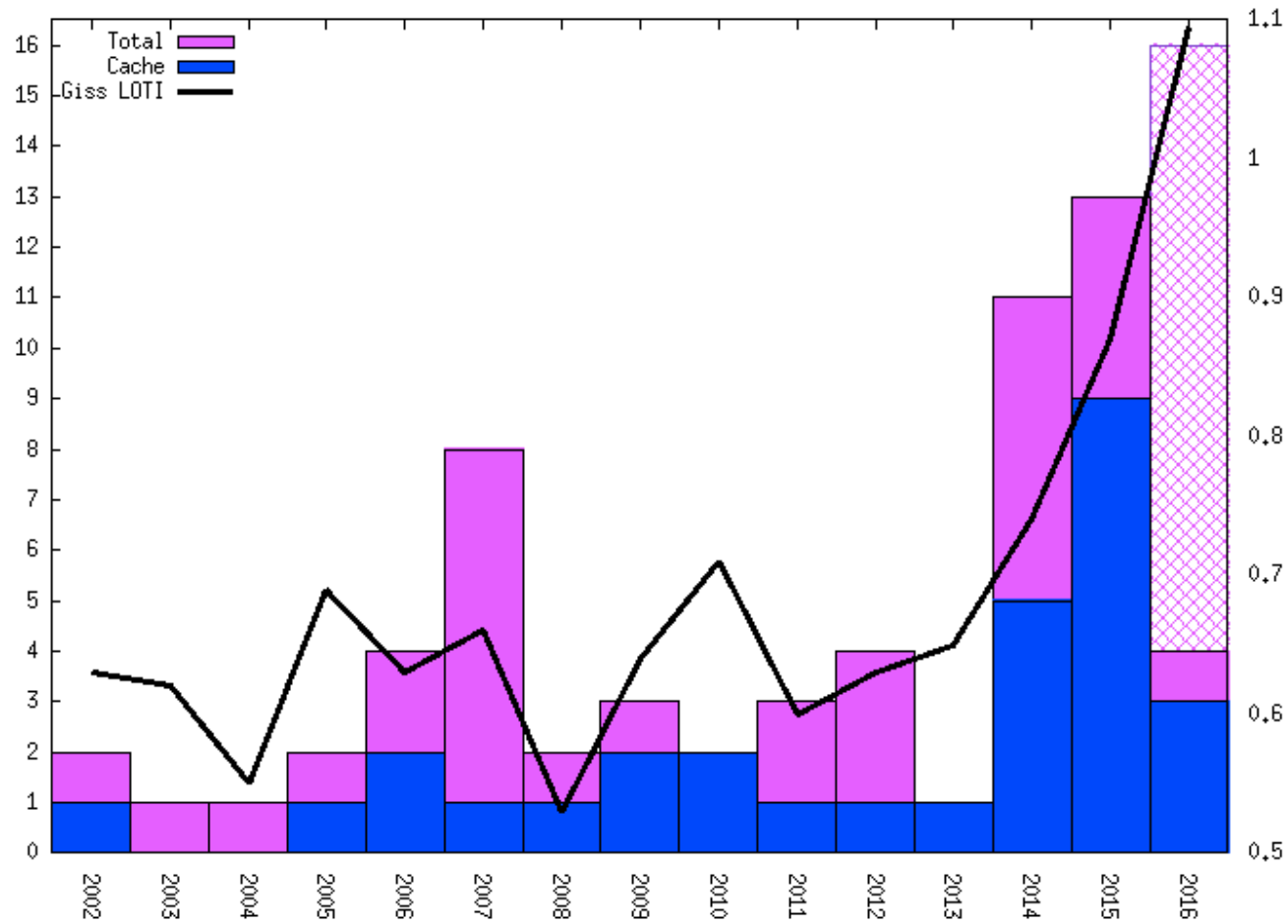
The University of Adelaide and  
Data61, CSIRO

# Publications on microarchitectural side-channel attacks

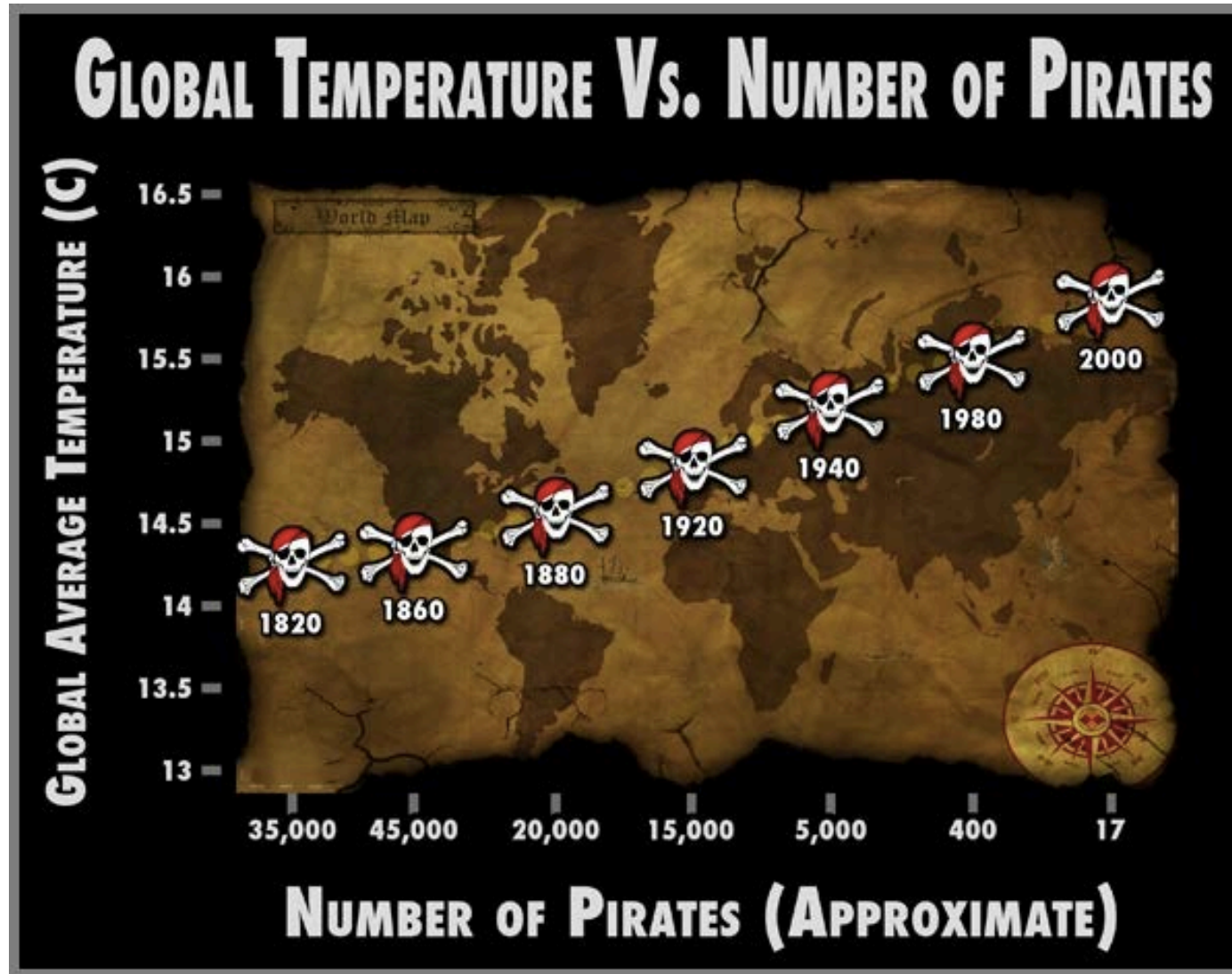


Data from [GYCH16]

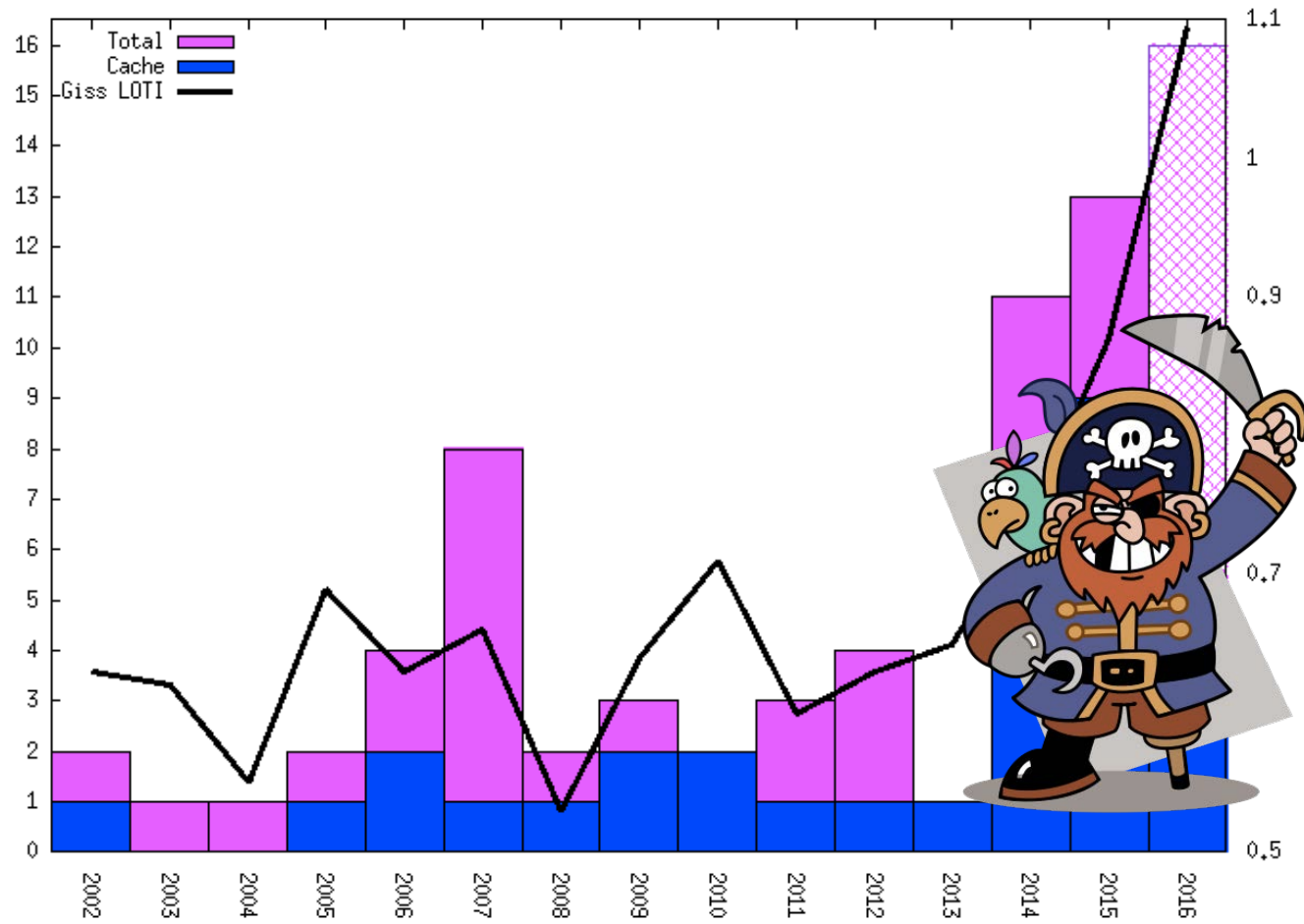
# Publications and Global Temperature



# Global Average Temperatures Vs. Number of Pirates



# Pirates Transitioning to Cryptography



Pirate image By J.J. at the English language Wikipedia,  
CC BY-SA 3.0, <https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=665628>

# Piracy easy. Side-Channels hard.

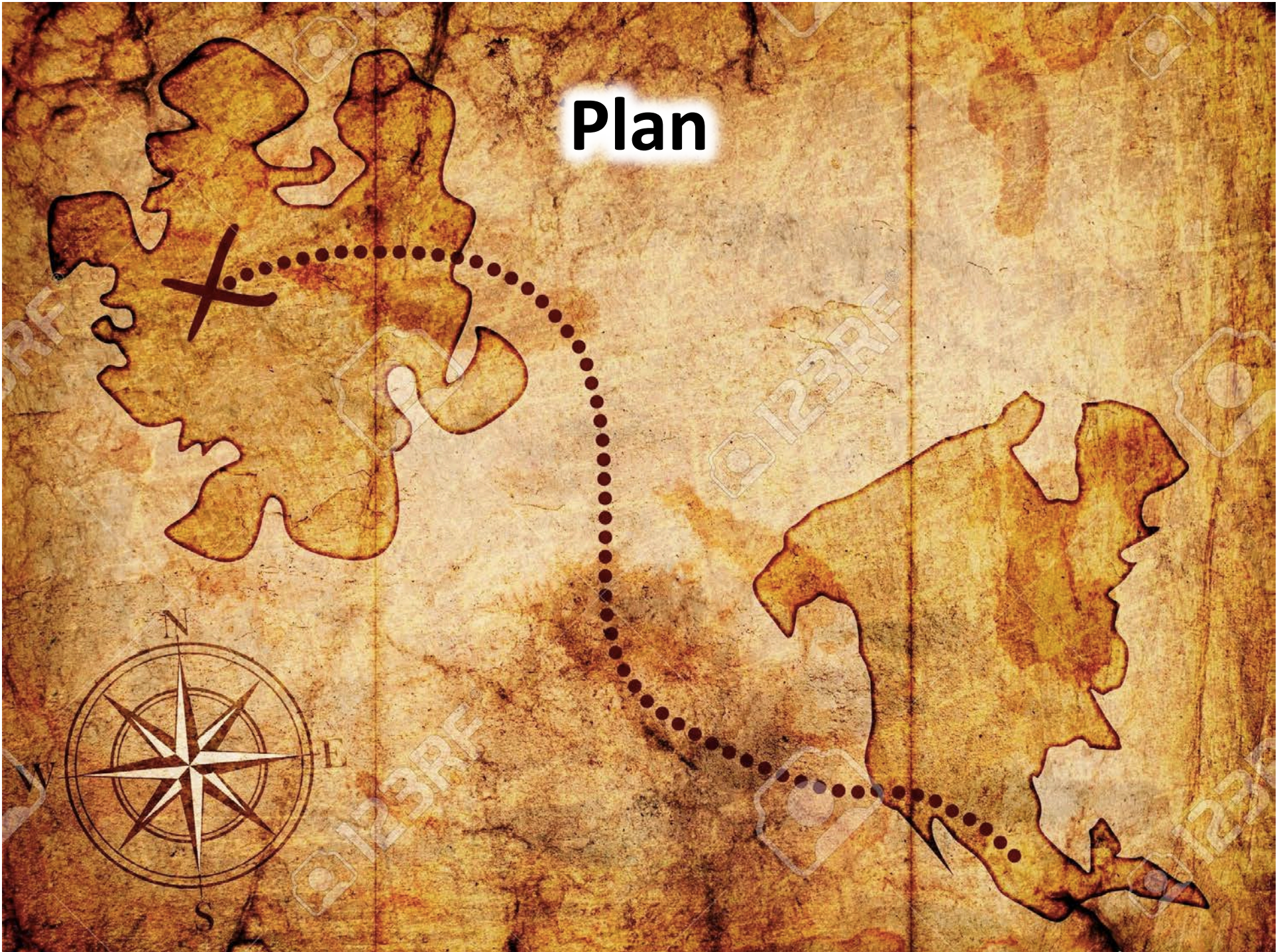
- OpenSSL

*LOW Severity.* This includes issues such as those that ... or hard to exploit timing (side channel) attacks.

<https://www.openssl.org/policies/secpolicy.html>

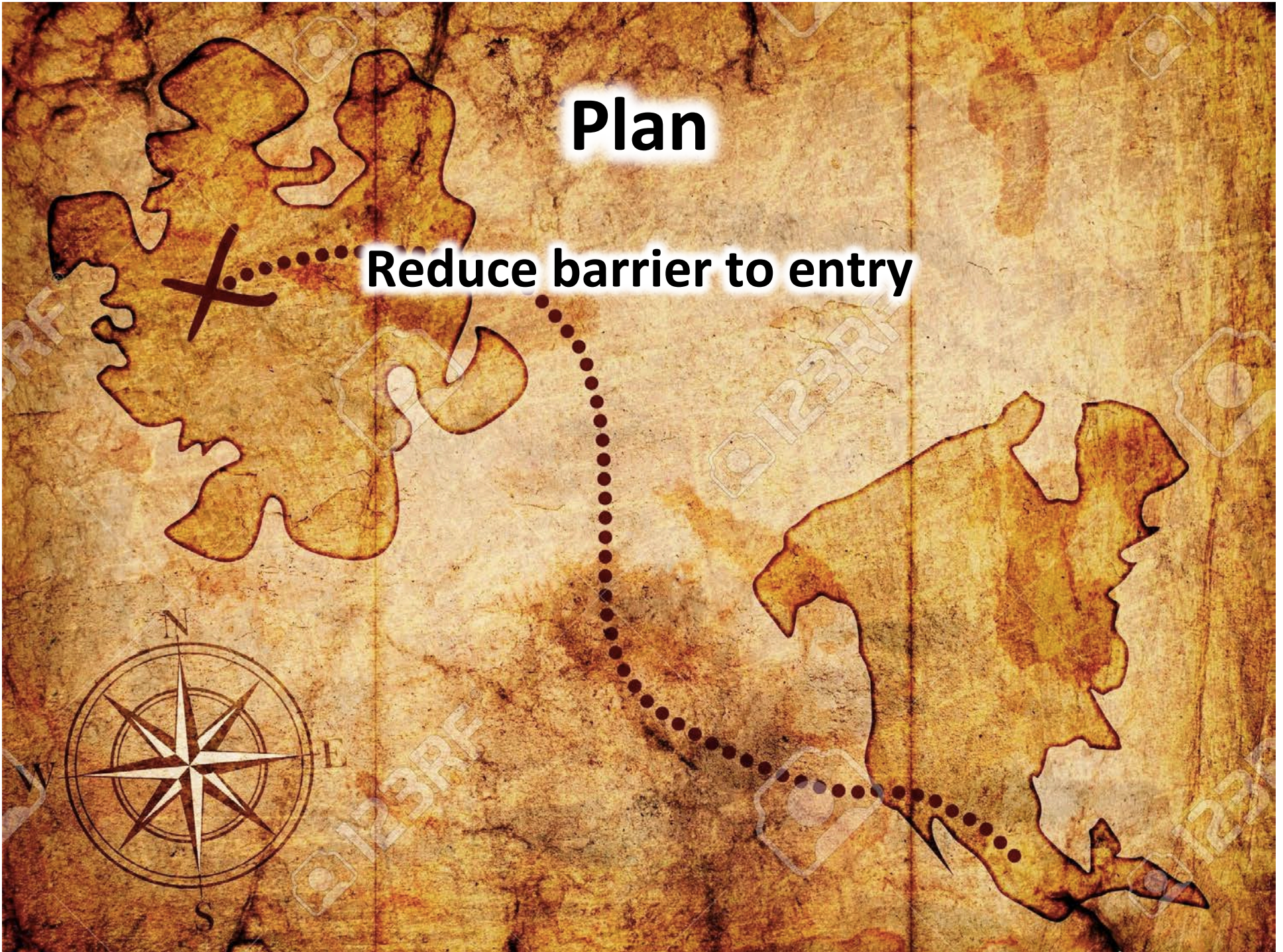


# Plan



# Plan

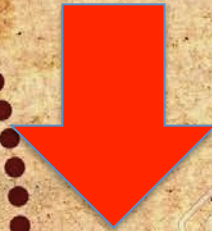
Reduce barrier to entry





# Plan

Reduce barrier to entry

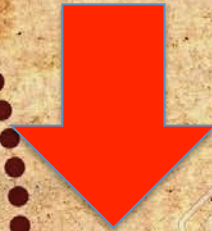


More pirates transition to side channel attacks



# Plan

Reduce barrier to entry



More pirates transition to side channel attacks



Less piracy on the high seas



# Mastik

- Extremely bad acronym for  
Micro-Architectural Side-channel ToolKit
- Aims
  - Provide somewhat-robust implementations of all known SC attack techniques for every architecture
  - Provide Implementation of generic analysis techniques
  - Overcome the barrier to entry into the area
  - Shift focus to cryptanalysis

# Status

- Reasonably solid implementation of four attacks
  - Prime+Probe on L1-D, L1-I and L3, Flush+Reload
- Only Intel x86-64, on Linux and Mac
  - x86-32 and limited ARM currently working in the lab
- Zero documentation, little testing
- No user feedback

Version 0.01 (code name Scurvy Dog)

<http://cs.adelaide.edu.au/~yval/Mastik/>